



iii) Soil scientist.
iv) Irrigation engineer.
v) Agricultural extension officer.
vi) Seed technologist.
vii) Farm manager.
viii) Agro-business entrepreneur.

b) Careers in animal husbandry.
i) Veterinary doctor.
ii) Animal nutritionist.
iii) Dairy technologist.
iv) Livestock extension officer.
v) Ranch manager.
vi) Poultry farmer.
vii) Leather technologist.
viii) Bee-keeper.

Question 9 (10 Marks)

a) Neolithic Revolution in Africa.
i) Shift from hunting/gathering to farming.
ii) Domestication of plants and animals.
iii) Use of stone tools for farming.
iv) Establishment of permanent villages.
v) Irrigation practices began.
vi) Food surpluses supported population growth.
vii) Trade networks formed.

b) How tools improved agriculture.
i) Hoes made planting easier.
ii) Sickles improved harvesting.
iii) Grinding stones processed grain.
iv) Axes cleared forests for farms.
v) Spears protected crops from animals.
vi) Stone ploughs increased farm size.
vii) Pottery stored food securely.

SUB-STRAND 4.3: MAPS AND MAP WORK

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (30 Marks)

Instructions: Choose the best answer for each question.

QUESTION NUMBER	QUESTION	ANSWER	EXPLANATION

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